



IN THE SUPREME COURT OF INDIA

CRIMINAL APPELLATE JURISDICTION

CRIMINAL APPEAL NO.130 /2022

[@ SLP (CRL.) NO.514/2021]

DAYALU KASHYAP

Appellant(s)

VERSUS

THE STATE OF CHHATTISGARH

Respondent(s)

<u> 0 R D E R</u>

Leave granted.

The present appeal arises qua an incident of 11.09.2010 of 10.30 in the morning when Sub Inspector K.S.Singh (PW-5), on the basis of the information received, apprehended the appellant and found that he was carrying Ganja in a green polythene bag on a wooden Kanwad from Bhaisabeda to Pithapur for transportation. The appellant was charged under the Narcotics Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985 ('NDPS Act') and tried by the Special Judge who convicted the appellant Section 20(b)(ii)(c) of under the NDPS Act and sentenced him to undergo rigorous imprisonment for 10 years and to pay a fine of Rs.1 lakh. The appellant preferred before the High an appeal Court of Chhattisgarh but that appeal was dismissed by the impugned order dated 28.03.2019.

We issued notice on 01.02.2021 including on the bail application as the appellant had undergone

sentence of 10 years and his inability to pay fine was resulting in him serving out the remaining sentence of In the course of hearing this matter with one year. some other matter, on 01.03.2021, we noticed that the only point which really arose for consideration was from the effect of provisions of Section 50 of the NDPS Since the petitioner had already undergone 10 Act. years of sentence and served about six months in the alternative sentence of one year for non-payment of fine, we considered appropriate to substitute the sentence of one year against non-payment of fine by the sentence of about six months and directed the appellant to be set free. The appellant was accordingly set free on 03.03.2021.

We have heard learned counsel for the appellant on the aforesaid question posed by him. Learned counsel has drawn our attention to the testimony of the Officer (PW-5) carrying out the search. Para 6 of the testimony reads as under:

"6. Thereafter, on the spot, at the side of Pithapur Thothapada Chowk, Murumroad, the accused was served notice u/s 50 of the NDPS Act at 12.45 O'Clock that the information has been received from the informer that the Ganja is kept at both ends of his Kanwad for which it is necessary to

conduct search. You can get the search conducted from any Gazetted Magistrate or even by me. The accused was explained about the meaning of Gazetted Officer and Magistrate. Then, the accused gave verbal consent to get the conducted by me. The consent given for search was recorded as dictated by accused. The notice served by me is Exhibit P.5 which bears my signature at part C to C. On the same date at 13 0' clock, at the spot itself, on getting the consent from the accused, I got myself, accompanying staff and motorcycle searched from the accused. No objectionable article was found search. Our personal search is Search Memo (Exhibit P.6) which bears my signature at part C to C. At 13:15 O'clock, at the spot, the green coloured polythese bundle wrapped both ends of Kanwad kept at in possession of accused and accused Dayalu Kashyap were searched. Then, the article similar to Ganja were found inside both the polythene bundles. Search Memo is Exhibit P.7 which bears my signature at part C to C."

Learned counsel submits that the option given to the appellant to take a third choice other than what is prescribed as the two choices under sub-Section (1) of Section 50 of the Act is something which goes contrary to the mandate of the law and in a way affects the protection provided by the said Section to accused. To support his contention, he has relied upon the judgment of State of Rajasthan v. Parmanand & Anr. - (2014) 5 SCC 345, more specifically, para 19. The judgment in turn, relied upon a Constitution Bench judgment of this Court in State of Punjab v. Baldev Singh - 1999 (6) SCC 172 to conclude that if a search is made by an empowered Officer on prior information without informing the person of his right that he has to be taken before a Gazetted Officer or a Magistrate for search and in case he so opts, failure to take his search accordingly would render the recovery of the illicit article suspicious and vitiate the conviction and sentence of the accused where the conviction has been recorded only the on basis of possession of illicit articles recovered from his person. The third option stated to be given to the accused to get himself searched from the Officer concerned not being part of the statute, the same could not have been offered to the appellant and thus, the recovery from him is vitiated.

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In the conspectus of the facts of the case, we find the recovery was in a polythene bag which was being carried on a Kanwad. The recovery was not in person. Learned counsel seeks to expand the scope of the observations made by seeking to contend that if the personal search is vitiated by violation of Section 50 of the NDPS Act, the recovery made otherwise also would stand vitiated and thus, cannot be relied upon. We cannot give such an extended view as is sought to be contended by learned counsel for the appellant.

The aforesaid being the only aspect for consideration, we are not inclined to grant relief to the appellant and appeal is accordingly dismissed leaving parties to bear their own costs.

[SANJAY KISHAN KAUL]	
J. [M.M. SUNDRESH]	

NEW DELHI; JANUARY 25, 2022. ITEM NO.6 Court 6 (Video Conferencing)

SECTION II-C

SUPREME COURT OF INDIA RECORD OF PROCEEDINGS

Petition(s) for Special Leave to Appeal (Crl.) No(s). 514/2021

(Arising out of impugned final judgment and order dated 28-03-2019 in CRA No. 857/2011 passed by the High Court Of Chhatisgarh At Bilaspur)

DAYALU KASHYAP

Petitioner(s)

VERSUS

THE STATE OF CHHATTISGARH Respondent(s)
(Mr. Devansh A. Mohta, Advocate(Amicus Curiae) Mr. Nikhil Goel,
Advocate for High Court of Gujarat
IA No. 10234/2021 - PERMISSION TO FILE ADDITIONAL
DOCUMENTS/FACTS/ANNEXURES
IA No. 110932/2021 - PERMISSION TO PLACE ADDITIONAL FACTS AND
GROUNDS)

Date: 25-01-2022 This petition was called on for hearing today.

CORAM:

HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE SANJAY KISHAN KAUL HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE M.M. SUNDRESH

Jail Petition

For Petitioner(s) Mr. Devansh A. Mohta, Adv/AC

For Respondent(s) Mr. Sumeer Sodhi, AOR Mr. Gaurav, Adv.

UPON hearing the counsel the Court made the following O R D E R

Leave granted.

The appeal is dismissed in terms of the signed reportable order.

Pending applications stand disposed of.

(ASHA SUNDRIYAL)

(POONAM VAID)

ASTT. REGISTRAR-cum-PS COURT MASTER (NSH)

[Reportable signed order is placed on the file]