



**IN THE SUPREME COURT OF INDIA
CIVIL APPELLATE JURISDICTION**

Civil Appeal No. 4767 of 2019

Vibha Bakshi Gokhale & Anr.

.... Appellant(s)

Versus

M/s Gruhashilp Constructions & Ors.

....Respondent(s)

ORDER

1 The appellants have filed a complaint before the National Consumer Disputes Redressal Commission¹, complaining of a deficiency of service on the part of the respondents. The dispute pertains to a residential flat, which was allegedly booked by the appellants. On 15 February 2019, the NCDRC dismissed the complaint, in terms of the following directions:

“Learned counsel for the complainant states that further time may be provided to him for filing the rejoinder and evidence in the matter. This consumer complaint is of 2016. The last order dated 16.11.2018, reads as under:

“Complainant has not filed the rejoinder. Proxy counsel is present on behalf of the main counsel for the complainant. Last opportunity is granted to the complainant to file the rejoinder and evidence within a period of four weeks, failing which the

1 “NCDRC”

complaint shall stand dismissed automatically.”

In spite of the above order the complainant has not been able to file the rejoinder and affidavit of evidence. It seems that the complainant may not be having any merit in his case that is why there has been delay in filing rejoinder and evidence.

As per the order dated 16.11.2018, the matter already stands dismissed and, therefore, no further opportunity can be provided for filing the rejoinder and evidence. Accordingly, the file be consigned to record room.”

2 We find that the ground for rejection of the complaint is technical and in disregard of the requirements of substantial justice. The purpose which Parliament sought to achieve by setting up the NCDRC is to protect the rights of consumers to seek access to justice under the Consumer Protection Act 1986. In the present case, there was a conditional order dated 16 November 2018 requiring the appellants to file a rejoinder and evidence within a period of four weeks, failing which the complaint was to stand dismissed automatically. On 15 February 2019, the NCDRC declined to grant any further time to the appellants and, proceeded to observe that it is perhaps because the appellants do not have any merit in the case, that there was a delay in filing a rejoinder and evidence. This inference was unwarranted.

3 We are affirmatively of the view that orders of this nature detract from the true purpose for which the NCDRC has been established. The NCDRC should have borne this in mind instead of rejecting the complaint on a technicality. Such dismissals only add to the burden of litigation and defeat the purpose of ensuring justice in the consumer fora.

4 We have also been repeatedly observing that marginal delays are not being condoned by the NCDRC on the ground that the Consumer Protection Act 1986 stipulates a period within which a consumer complaint has to be disposed of. Though the Act stipulates a period for disposing of a consumer complaint, it is also a sobering reflection that complaints cannot be disposed of due to non-availability of resources and infrastructure. In this background, it is harsh to penalise a *bona fide* litigant for marginal delays that may occur in the judicial process. The consumer fora should bear this in mind so that the ends of justice are not defeated.

5 In view of the fact that the complaint was dismissed on a mere technicality, we did not consider it necessary to issue notice to the respondent. We, however, set aside the impugned order of the NCDRC dated 15 February 2019 and restore Consumer Complaint No 1432 of 2016 to the file of the NCDRC.

6 Learned counsel appearing on behalf of the appellants has stated that the rejoinder and the affidavit of evidence are ready. These be taken on the record by the NCDRC.

7 The Appeal is accordingly disposed of.

.....J.
[Dr Dhananjaya Y Chandrachud]

.....J.
[Hemant Gupta]

New Delhi;
May 10, 2019

ITEM NO.9

COURT NO.11

SECTION XVII

S U P R E M E C O U R T O F I N D I A
R E C O R D O F P R O C E E D I N G S

Civil Appeal No(s).4767/2019

VIBHA BAKSHI GOKHALE & ANR.

Appellant(s)

VERSUS

M/S GRUHASHILP CONSTRUCTIONS & ORS.

Respondent(s)

Date : 10-05-2019 This appeal was called on for hearing today.

CORAM :

HON'BLE DR. JUSTICE D.Y. CHANDRACHUD
HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE HEMANT GUPTA

For Appellant(s)

Mr. Saurabh Jain, Adv.
Mr. P.K. Goswami, Adv.
Mr. S.P. Singh Rathore, Adv.
Mr. Ashok K. Sharma, Adv.
Mr. Uday Prakash Yadav, Adv.
Ms. Anuradha Soni Verma, Adv.
Mr. Shryansh Aggarwal, Adv.
Mr. Rajesh Goyal, Adv.
Mr. H. Arjun, Adv.
Mr. P. K. Jain, AOR

For Respondent(s)

UPON hearing the counsel the Court made the following
O R D E R

The Appeal is disposed of in terms of the signed reportable order.

Pending application, if any, stands disposed of.

(SANJAY KUMAR-I)
AR-CUM-PS

(SAROJ KUMARI GAUR)
COURT MASTER

(Signed reportable order is placed on the file)